

seventh and eight rents. If they do so, the Company shall be entitled to the return of the fan, to compensation for loss or damages caused by the fault of A as a lessee to the thing hired if any, and they will keep the whole sum paid to them, say 60 baht, without any further claim for expenses of delivery, transportation, etc., No other agreement is valid (unless if the Company would agree that they shall keep less than 60 baht). - It is noteworthy that section 3 forbids the clause by which the so-called seller uses to take advantage of the buyer failing only to make one payment for claiming the return of the thing and besides that the buyer is bound to pay all remaining instalments due under the contract.

II. - Suppose that, since the 1st. January 2467, A has paid eleven times the monthly rent agreed. On the 1st. of December he is no longer a lessee, but a promisee who is at the same time the possessor of the thing. According to the ordinary rules of the promise of sale (Draft Book III, s. 326 to 328) such a promisee would have to notify the promisor (Company) of his intention to complete the sale. This seems too long and unuseful in the case of Hire-Purchase. Section 3 fixes in any case to two months the