

65. – A person against whom an adjudication of disappearance has been made is deemed to have died at the completion of the period specified in the foregoing section.

(J. 31).

66. – If it is proved that the person who disappeared is living, or that he died at a time different from that specified in foregoing section, the Court must upon the application of such person or any interested person or the Public Prosecutor revoke the adjudication; but this does not affect the validity of acts done in good faith between the adjudication and the revocation.

A person who has acquired property under the adjudication but loses his right by its revocation is bound to return such property only so far as he is still enriched by it.

(old text 76; J. 32).

67. – The adjudication of disappearance and its revocation shall be published in the Government Gazette.

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