

[18. — Creation, extinction or modification of rights, and fulfilment of obligations must be made in good faith.]

19. — Every person is presumed to be acting in good faith.

20. — Good faith is no defence if not coupled with such care as may be expected from a person of ordinary prudence.

21. — An agreement that a person shall not be liable for the consequences of his own bad faith is void.

22. — In case of doubt an obligation shall be construed in favour of the debtor.

*ILLUSTRATION. I. — A dies after having bequeathed by will a part of his land to B. The heirs are under an obligation to deliver that part to the legatee. They are the debtors and B is the creditor of that obligation. Then it is found that it is doubtful whether the part of the land described in the will extends to a certain Klong only or further on. The obligation must be construed in favour of the heirs, that is to say their obligation to deliver land shall be limited to the part of the land which extends to the klong.*

*II. — The Government has conceded to a company a line of tramway running from the town A to the town B. In this case the Government is under an obligation to allow*

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