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gives a security for its performance, or

asks for an extension of time from the creditor, or

notifies the creditor that any right or liability arising out of the contract is extinguished by set off, or

transfers any of the rights or liabilities arising out of the contract, or

does not raise the objection that the contract is voidable when sued in Court for its performance.

82. — Ratification does not require acceptance, but it is subject to the rules concerning consent.

*ILLUSTRATION.* — *A had entered into a contract of hire of services with B, who represented himself as a qualified architect. It turns out afterwards that B has no such qualification. A may ratify the contract, and ratification does not require to be accepted by B. But ratification is not valid if it was given under B's duress.*

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