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118. — If the person who has in good faith unduly received a property has made alterations in, or additions to it, he must return the property in such condition as it is; he is entitled to compensation for any increase of value accruing to the property from such alterations or additions, and he is not liable for any decrease of value resulting from the same.

[119. — If the person who has in bad faith unduly received a property has made alterations in, or additions to it, he must return the property after having put it in its former condition at his own expense. If it is impossible to put it in its former condition or the property would be damaged thereby, he must return it in such condition as it is and he is entitled to no compensation for any increase of value accruing to the property from such alterations or additions, and he is liable to pay compensation for any decrease of value resulting from the same.]

TITLE IV. WRONGFUL ACTS.

CHAPTER I. LIABILITY FOR WRONGFUL ACTS.

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2) By omission of such skill and care in a profession as may be expected from a person exercising such profession, or

3) In disobedience to any law, bye-law or lawful order, is said to commit a wrongful act and is bound to make compensation to the injured person.]

121. — Every person, even though he be incapacitated, is liable for the consequences of his wrongful acts.

122. — An employer is jointly liable with his employee for the consequences of a wrongful act committed by such employee in the course of his employment.

123. — The employer who has made compensation to a third person for a wrongful act committed by his employee is entitled to reimbursement from such employee.

ILLUSTRATION.—A, a clerk in B's shipping firm, when conveying goods by boat in the course of his employment, through his negligence causes the boat to collide with another boat belonging to C, whereby C's goods are damaged. C enters an action for damages against B.

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