

150. — If no period of time was fixed, the party who has not the right of selection can notify the other party to exercise his right of selection within a reasonable time, to be fixed in such notice.

If the other party does not exercise his right of selection during such time [1] the right passes to the former party.

151. — If the selection is to be made by a third person, and such person does not make it, the right of selection passes to the debtor.

In such case the provisions of Sections 146[9] and 150 apply *mutatis mutandis*.

152. — After selection is made, it cannot be changed except by mutual consent.

153. — If among the prestations one is or several are impossible, the obligation is valid as to the other prestations.

TITLE IV.

PLURALITY OF CREDITORS OR DEBTORS.

CHAPTER I.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

154. — If there are several creditors or several

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debtors, the obligation is presumed to be divided, that is to say, each creditor or debtor is presumed to have a separate share in the rights or liabilities arising out of the obligation.

155. — The shares of each creditor or debtor are presumed to be equal.

156. — A creditor is not entitled to claim performance for more than his share.

A debtor is not bound to perform more than his share.

157. — Facts which apply to one of the creditors or debtors personally do not affect the other creditors or debtors.

158. — Joint obligations and indivisible obligations constitute an exception to the rules provided in this Chapter.

CHAPTER II. JOINT OBLIGATIONS.

[PART] I. — GENERAL PROVISIONS.

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