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CHAPTER III. INDIVISIBLE OBLIGATIONS.

198. — If a prestation is by nature such that it cannot be divided, that is to say, if it cannot be partly performed to one creditor or by one debtor, the obligation is said to be indivisible.

ILLUSTRATION. — *A sells a pony to B and C who buy it jointly. A cannot deliver the pony partly to B and partly to C. A's obligation of delivery is indivisible.*

199. — As far as circumstances admit, the provisions concerning joint obligations apply *mutatis mutandis* to indivisible obligations.

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