

298. — The creditor is entitled to obtain delivery of the property deposited within ten years from the date of deposit.

299. — The debtor can withdraw the deposit. But if the creditor has notified his acceptance of it, or the deposit has been ordered or confirmed by the Court, he can withdraw it only after ten years have elapsed from the date of deposit.

300. — If the deposit is withdrawn by the debtor, it is deemed to have never been made, and the original obligation stands good with its accessories.

*ILLUSTRATION.* — Under a contract with B, A must deliver to B on the 10th of May 2460 one hundred bags of rice. On the date appointed B has gone abroad and nobody can say where B is. A deposits the bags of rice on the 25th. of May 2460. Then A withdraws the deposit. The deposit is deemed to have never been made. A's obligation stands good, that is to say stands as it would have stood if no deposit had been made.

If B returns from his journey before the obligation be extinguished by prescription, B can claim performance. But if B returns more than ten years after the day when B was in default, say on the 16th. of May 2470, A's obligation is extinguished by prescription, notwithstanding the fact that a deposit had been made on the 25th. of May 2460.

298.—The creditor is entitled to obtain delivery of the property deposited within ten years from the date of deposit.

299.—The debtor can withdraw the deposit. But if the creditor has notified his acceptance of it, or the deposit has been ordered or confirmed by the Court, he can withdraw it only after ten years have elapsed from the date of deposit.

300.—If the deposit is withdrawn by the debtor, it is deemed to have never been made, and the original obligation stands good with its accessories.

*ILLUSTRATION.*—Under a contract with B, A must deliver to B on the 10th. of May 2460 one hundred bags of rice. On the date appointed B has gone abroad and nobody can say where B is. A deposits the bags of rice on the 25th. of May 2460. Then A withdraws the deposit. The deposit is deemed to have never been made. A's obligation stands good, that is to say stands as it would have stood if no deposit had been made.

If B returns from his journey before the obligation be extinguished by prescription, B can claim performance. But if B returns more than ten years after the day when B was in default, say on the 16th. of May 2470, A's obligation is extinguished by prescription, notwithstanding the fact that a deposit had been made on the 25th. of May 2460.