

1451. — If a resolution has been passed by an association contrary to its regulations or contrary to law, the Court shall cancel such resolution on the application of any member or of the Public Prosecutor, provided that an application by a member shall not be made later than one month from the date of the resolution.

1452. — An association is dissolved :

- 1) In the cases, if any, provided by its regulations,
- 2) If formed for a definite period of time, by the expiration of such period.
- 3) If formed for a single undertaking, by the termination of such undertaking.
- 4) By a resolution to dissolve passed by the association in general meeting.
- 5) By the association becoming bankrupt.
- 6) By a decree published in the Government Gazette, as provided by Section 1453.

1453. — The Government may, by decree, order an association to be dissolved in any of the following cases:

- 1) If the object of the association is or becomes unlawful.
- 2) If, for any reason whatsoever, the association cannot be any more managed.
- 3) If the association appears to be managed by persons other than the registered managers.

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- 3) If the association appears to be managed by persons other than the registered managers,

4) If it appears that the association is or may become a danger to the public peace.

5) If the association or any of its members or managers acts contrary to law.

6) If the person or persons proposed to be registered as managers are not responsible persons whose standing corresponds to the object and importance of the association.

1454. — If an association is dissolved under section 1453, the Government shall appoint a liquidator or liquidators of the association.

1455. — Sections 1385 to 1388, 1389 No. 1, 1390, 1393 to 1400, 1403, 1405 1407, 1408 and 1409 of Title XXII concerning Partnerships and Companies apply to the liquidation of associations, *mutatis mutandis*.

1456. — The liquidators can require the members to pay the subscriptions which were due by them at the time of dissolution.

1457. — After liquidation, the remaining assets, if any, cannot be distributed among the members of the association. They shall be transferred to such other juristic person as may have been designated by the regulations or by the association in general meeting.

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