

CHAPTER II.

NAME.

8. — Every person has a name.
9. — The name of a person consists of a personal name and a family name.
10. — The personal name is the name which has been given to the child at birth.
11. — The family name is the name of the family, which passes from father to child.
12. — A married woman retains her personal name and family name, and adds to them the family name of her husband.
13. — When the father of a person is unknown such person bears the family name of his mother.
14. — Neither a family name nor a personal name can be changed except by special permission given by the Minister responsible for the local administration.
15. — When the family name of a person is changed, every descendant of that person who bears that family name also changes it.
16. — A person to whom a non-hereditary title is granted by His Majesty the King retains his former name for use in his private affairs and for transmission to his descendants.
17. — A person whose name is used by another person who is not entitled to it can apply for an order of the Court restraining such other person from the use of that name. He is also entitled to compensation for any injury which he may suffer in consequence of such use.

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