

60. — An act done by the parent who exercises parental power contrary to the provisions of section 57 is voidable.

The following persons only can claim cancellation of such act or ratify it:

- 1) The minor, after he has become of full age, or
- 2) His heirs.

Cancellation may be claimed also by the lawful representative.

61. — The right to claim cancellation of a voidable act done by the parent who exercises parental power is extinguished by prescription five years after the minor becomes of full age.

62. — An act done by the parent who exercises parental power contrary to the provisions of Section 58 is void.

63. — When a parent ceases to exercise parental power, he is bound to return the property which was under his management and to render proper accounts of the management.

He is liable to the minor for any injury resulting from his having not managed the property of the minor with the same care as a person of ordinary prudence. . 64.—The property must be delivered and the accounts rendered to the child if he has become of full age, or to his new lawful representative, or to his heirs, as the case may be.

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dies, his heirs are bound by the provisions of the two foregoing sections.

66. — An action in connection with the management of the property of a minor by parent can with the consent of the Court be entered by the child, or on his behalf, against the parent.

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2°. MANAGEMENT BY GUARDIAN.

68. — The guardian of a minor is not entitled to remuneration.

69. — The power of management and representation of a guardian is governed, *mutatis mutandis*, by sections 52 to 62 concerning parental power, but is subject to the limitations provided by the three following sections.

70. — The guardian must make an inventory of the property at the time when he assumes its management : such inventory shall be made in the presence of, and signed by, two witnesses.

71. — The Court may, at any time, of its own motion or on application of the Public Prosecutor or of any interested person, require the guardian :

- 1) to give information as to the condition of the property of the minor ;
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