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84. — The guardian of a person of unsound mind shall be the person who assumes such position by voluntarily taking care of his person and property.

85. — If no person voluntarily assumes the guardianship, a guardian shall be appointed by the Court, of its own motion or on the application of the Public Prosecutor or of any interested person.

86. — The order of the Court appointing a guardian to a person of unsound mind shall be published in the Government Gazette by the care of the Court.

87. — A guardian may refuse or resign the guardianship.

88. — The Court may, of its own motion or on the application of the Public Prosecutor or of any interested person, remove a lawful representative for a reasonable cause and appoint another lawful representative in his stead.

89. — The duties of the lawful representative of a person of unsound mind are to take care of him, to support him, to keep him in safe custody if necessary, and to manage his property.

II. — MANAGEMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF A PERSON OF UNSOUND MIND BY HIS LAWFUL REPRESENTATIVE.

90. — The Court may order that the guardian of a person of unsound mind shall receive a remuneration, to be paid out of the property of such person.

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of the lawful representative of a person of unsound mind is governed, *mutatis mutandis*, by sections 52, 53, 55 to 62, 70 to 72 concerning parental power and guardianship of minors.

92. — On extinction of lawful representation, the return of the property which was under the management of the lawful representative and the settlement of accounts are governed, *mutatis mutandis*, by sections 63 to 67 concerning parental power.

III. — ACTS DONE BY A PERSON OF UNSOUND MIND.

93. — An act done by a person of unsound mind is voidable.

94. — If an act is done by a person of unsound mind, the following persons only can claim its cancellation or ratify it :

- 1) His lawful representative, or
- 2) The person himself, if he has ceased to be of unsound mind, or
- 3) His heirs.

95. — The right to claim the cancellation of an act done by a person who has been of unsound mind, during his unsoundness of mind is extinguished by prescription after five years from the date of the act, subject to the general provisions concerning prescription in the Book on Obligations.

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